

STD100NH02L STD100NH02L-1

N-channel 24V - 0.0042Ω - 60A - DPAK - IPAK STripFET™ II Power MOSFET

General features

Туре	V _{DSSS}	R _{DS(on)}	I _D
STD100NH02L	24V	<0.0048Ω	60A ⁽¹⁾
STD100NH02L-1	24V	<0.0048Ω	60A ⁽¹⁾

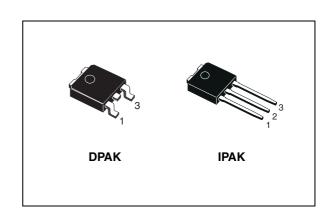
- 1. Value limited by wire bonding
- R_{DS(on)} * Qg industry's benchmark
- Conduction losses reduced
- Switching losses reduced
- Low threshold device

Description

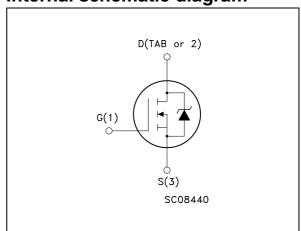
This device utilizes the latest advanced design rules of ST's proprietary STripFET™ technology. This is suitable fot the most demanding DC-DC converter application where high efficiency is to be achieved.

Applications

■ Switching application



Internal schematic diagram



Order codes

Part number	Marking	Package	Packaging
STD100NH02LT4	D100NH02LT4 D100NH02L		Tape & reel
STD100NH02L-1	D100NH02L	IPAK	Tube

Contents STD100NH02L

Contents

1	Electrical ratings	3
2	Electrical characteristics	
	2.1 Electrical characteristics (curves)	6
3	Test circuit	8
4	Package mechanical data	9
5	Packaging mechanical data 1	2
6	Revision history 1	15

STD100NH02L Electrical ratings

1 Electrical ratings

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
V _{spike} (1)	Drain-source voltage rating	30	V	
V _{DS}	Drain-source voltage (V _{GS} = 0)	24	V	
V _{DGR}	Drain-gate voltage ($R_{GS} = 20$ KΩ)	24	V	
V_{GS}	Drain-source voltage	± 20	٧	
I _D ⁽²⁾	Drain current (continuous) at T _C = 25°C	60	Α	
I _D ⁽²⁾	Drain current (continuous) at T _C =100°C	60	Α	
I _{DM} ⁽³⁾	Drain current (pulsed)	240	Α	
P _{TOT}	Total dissipation at T _C = 25°C	100	W	
	Derating factor	0.67	W/°C	
E _{AS} (4)	Single pulse avalanche energy	800	mJ	
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	FE to 17F		
TJ	Max. operating junction temperature	55 to 175		

- 1. Garanted when external Rg = 4.7 Ω and t_f < t_{fmax} .
- 2. Value limited by wire bonding.
- 3. Pulse width limited by safe operating area
- 4. Starting $T_J = 25$ °C, $I_D = 30A$, $V_{DD} = 15V$

Table 2. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R _{thJC}	Thermal resistance junction-case Max	1.5	°C/W
R _{thJA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient Max	100	°C/W
T _I	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose	275	°C

Electrical characteristics STD100NH02L

2 Electrical characteristics

(T_{CASE}=25°C unless otherwise specified)

Table 3. On/off states

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{(BR)DSS}	Drain-source breakdown voltage	$I_D = 25 \text{mA}, V_{GS} = 0$	24			٧
I _{DSS}	Zero gate voltage drain current (V _{GS} = 0)	V _{DS} = 20 V _{DS} = 20, T _C = 125°C			1 10	μ Α μ Α
I _{GSS}	Gate body leakage current (V _{DS} = 0)	V _{GS} = ±20V			±100	nA
V _{GS(th)}	Gate threshold voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu A$	1	1.8		V
R _{DS(on)}	Static drain-source on resistance	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 30A$ $V_{GS} = 5V, I_D = 15A$		0.0042 0.005	0.0048 0.009	Ω

Table 4. Dynamic

Symbol	Parameter Test conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
g _{fs} ⁽¹⁾	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS} = 10 \ V_{,} I_{D} = 30A$		50		S
C _{iss} C _{oss} C _{rss}	Input capacitance Output capacitance Reverse transfer capacitance	$V_{DS} = 15V, f = 1 \text{ MHz},$ $V_{GS} = 0$		3940 1020 110		pF pF pF
$egin{array}{c} Q_{ m g} \ Q_{ m gd} \end{array}$	Total gate charge Gate-source charge Gate-drain charge	$V_{DD} = 10V, I_{D} = 30A$ $V_{GS} = 10V$		62 12 8	84	nC nC nC
Q _{oss} ⁽²⁾	Output charge	$V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V$		24		nC
Q _{gls} ⁽³⁾	Third-quadrant gate charge	$V_{DS} < 0V, V_{GS} = 10V$		56.5		nC
R _G	Gate input resistance	f = 1MHz gate DC Bias = 0 Test signal level = 20mV Open drain		1.1		Ω

^{1.} Pulsed: pulse duration=300µs, duty cycle 1.5%

^{2.} $Q_{oss} = C_{oss}^* \Delta V_{in}$, $C_{oss} = C_{gd} + C_{ds}$. See *Chapter Appendix A*

^{3.} Gate charge for synchronous operation

Table 5. Switching times

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{d(on)} t _r t _{d(off)} t _f	Turn-on delay time Rise time Turn-off delay time Fall time	$V_{DD} = 10V$, $I_D = 30A$, $R_G = 4.7\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 10V$ Figure 13 on page 8		15 200 60 35	47	ns ns ns

Table 6. Source drain diode

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
I _{SD}	Source-drain current				60	Α
I _{SDM}	Source-drain current (pulsed)				240	Α
V _{SD} ⁽¹⁾	Forward on voltage	$I_{SD} = 30A, V_{GS} = 0$			1.3	V
t _{rr} Q _{rr} I _{RRM}	Reverse recovery time Reverse recovery charge Reverse recovery current	I_{SD} = 60A, di/dt = 100A/ μ s, V_{DD} = 15V, T_{J} = 150°C Figure 15 on page 8		47 58 2.5		ns μC A

^{1.} Pulsed: pulse duration=300µs, duty cycle 1.5%

Electrical characteristics STD100NH02L

2.1 Electrical characteristics (curves)

Figure 1. Safe operating area

Figure 2. Thermal impedance

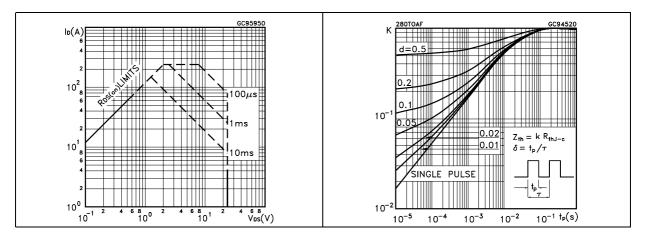


Figure 3. Output characterisics

Figure 4. Transfer characteristics

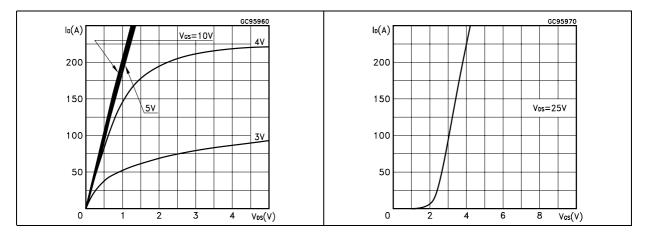


Figure 5. Transconductance

Figure 6. Static drain-source on resistance

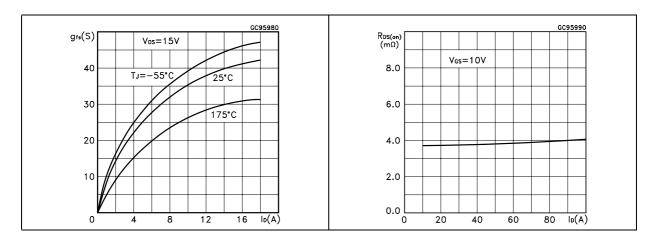


Figure 7. Gate charge vs gate-source voltage Figure 8. Capacitance variations

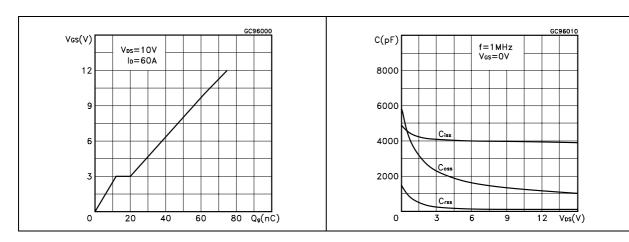


Figure 9. Normalized gate threshold voltage vs temperature

Figure 10. Normalized on resistance vs temperature

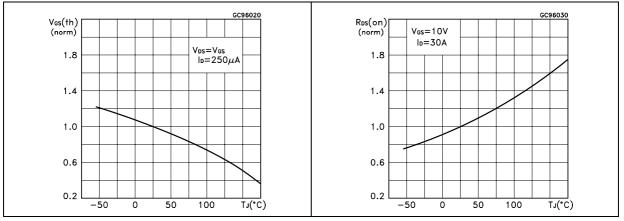
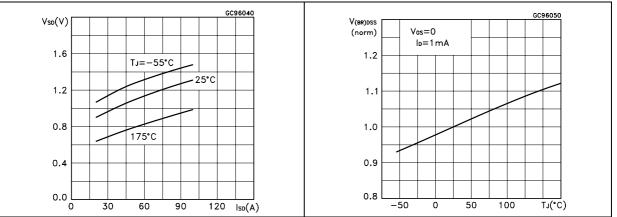


Figure 11. Source-drain diode forward characteristics

Figure 12. Normalized breakdown voltage vs temperature



Test circuit STD100NH02L

3 Test circuit

Figure 13. Switching times test circuit for resistive load

Figure 14. Gate charge test circuit

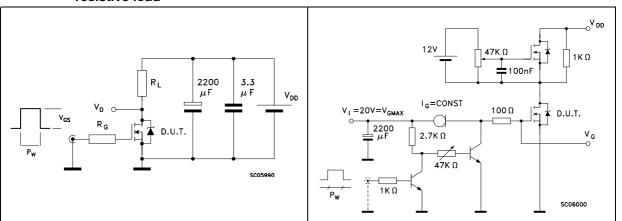


Figure 15. Test circuit for inductive load switching and diode recovery times

Figure 16. Unclamped Inductive load test circuit

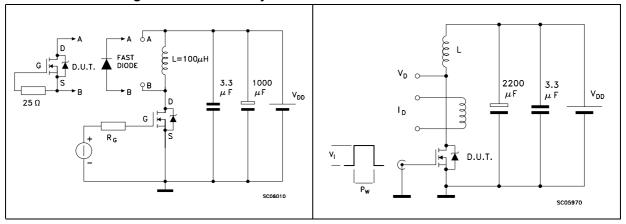
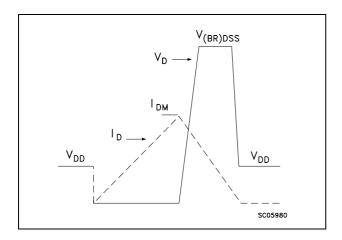


Figure 17. Unclamped inductive waveform



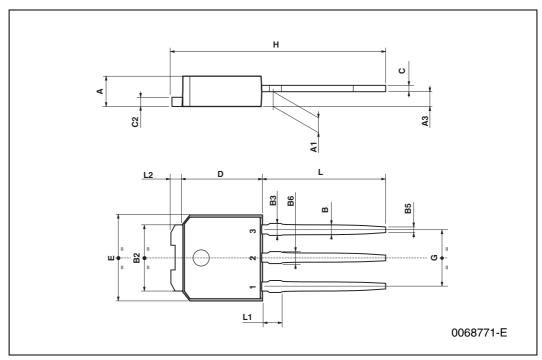
577

4 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in ECOPACK® packages. These packages have a Lead-free second level interconnect . The category of second level interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label. ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: www.st.com

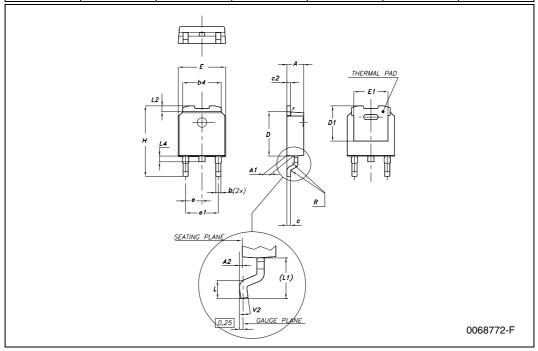
TO-251 (IPAK) MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.		mm			inch	
DIIVI.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
Α	2.2		2.4	0.086		0.094
A1	0.9		1.1	0.035		0.043
А3	0.7		1.3	0.027		0.051
В	0.64		0.9	0.025		0.031
B2	5.2		5.4	0.204		0.212
В3			0.85			0.033
B5		0.3			0.012	
B6			0.95			0.037
С	0.45		0.6	0.017		0.023
C2	0.48		0.6	0.019		0.023
D	6		6.2	0.236		0.244
Е	6.4		6.6	0.252		0.260
G	4.4		4.6	0.173		0.181
Н	15.9		16.3	0.626		0.641
L	9		9.4	0.354		0.370
L1	0.8		1.2	0.031		0.047
L2		0.8	1		0.031	0.039



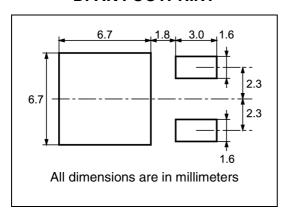
DPAK MECHANICAL DATA

DIM		mm.			inch	
DIM.	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
Α	2.2		2.4	0.086		0.094
A1	0.9		1.1	0.035		0.043
A2	0.03		0.23	0.001		0.009
В	0.64		0.9	0.025		0.035
b4	5.2		5.4	0.204		0.212
С	0.45		0.6	0.017		0.023
C2	0.48		0.6	0.019		0.023
D	6		6.2	0.236		0.244
D1		5.1			0.200	
Е	6.4		6.6	0.252		0.260
E1		4.7			0.185	
е		2.28			0.090	
e1	4.4		4.6	0.173		0.181
Н	9.35		10.1	0.368		0.397
L	1			0.039		
(L1)		2.8			0.110	
L2		0.8			0.031	
L4	0.6		1	0.023		0.039
R		0.2			0.008	
V2	0°		8°	0°		8°

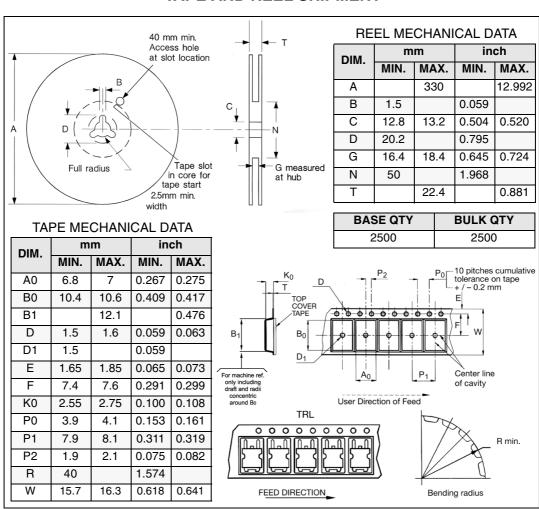


477

5 Packaging mechanical data DPAK FOOTPRINT



TAPE AND REEL SHIPMENT



Appendix A Buck converter - power losses estimation

V_{in} + V_o

Figure 18. Buck converter: power losses estimation

The power losses associated with the FETs in a synchronous buck converter can be estimated using the equations shown in the table below. The formulas give a good approximation, for the sake of performance comparison, of how different pairs of devices affect the converter efficiency. However a very important parameter, the working temperature, is not considered. The real device behavior is really dependent on how the heat generated inside the devices is removed to allow for a safer working junction temperature.

- The low side (SW2) device requires:
- Very low R_{DS(on)} to reduce conduction losses
- Small Qgls to reduce the gate charge losses
- Small Coss to reduce losses due to output capacitance
- Small Qrr to reduce losses on SW1 during its turn-on
- The Cgd/Cgs ratio lower than Vth/Vgg ratio especially with low drain to source
- voltage to avoid the cross conduction phenomenon;
- The high side (SW1) device requires:
- Small Rg and Ls to allow higher gate current peak and to limit the voltage feedback on the gate
- Small Qg to have a faster commutation and to reduce gate charge losses
- Low R_{DS(on)} to reduce the conduction losses.

Table 7. Power losses calculation

		High side switching (SW1)	Low side switch (SW2)
Pconduction		$R_{_{ m DS(on)SW1}}*I_{ m L}^2*\delta$	$R_{DS(on)SW2} * I_L^2 * (1 - \delta)$
Pswitching		$V_{in} * (Q_{gsth(SW1)} + Q_{gd(SW1)}) * f * \frac{I_L}{I_g}$	Zero Voltage Switching
Pdiode	Recovery (1)	Not applicable	$V_{in} * Q_{rr(SW2)} * f$
ruiode	Conductio n	Not applicable	$V_{f(SW2)} * I_L * t_{deadtime} * f$
Pgate(Q _G)		$Q_{g(SW1)} * V_{gg} * f$	$Q_{gls(SW2)} * V_{gg} * f$
P _{Qoss}		$\frac{V_{in} * Q_{oss(SW1)} * f}{2}$	$\frac{V_{in} *Q_{oss(SW2)} *f}{2}$

^{1.} Dissipated by SW1 during turn-on

Table 8. Paramiters meaning

Parameter	Meaning	
d	Duty-cycle	
Q _{gsth}	Post threshold gate charge	
Q_{gls}	Third quadrant gate charge	
Pconduction	On state losses	
Pswitching	On-off transition losses	
Pdiode	Conduction and reverse recovery diode losses	
Pgate	Gate drive losses	
P _{Qoss}	Output capacitance losses	

STD100NH02L Revision history

6 Revision history

Table 9. Revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
09-Sep-2004	9	Complete version
08-Aug-2006	10	The document has been reformatted, updated SOA Figure 1.
18-Dev-2006	11	Typo mistake on <i>Table 3</i> .

Please Read Carefully:

Information in this document is provided solely in connection with ST products. STMicroelectronics NV and its subsidiaries ("ST") reserve the right to make changes, corrections, modifications or improvements, to this document, and the products and services described herein at any time, without notice.

All ST products are sold pursuant to ST's terms and conditions of sale.

Purchasers are solely responsible for the choice, selection and use of the ST products and services described herein, and ST assumes no liability whatsoever relating to the choice, selection or use of the ST products and services described herein.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted under this document. If any part of this document refers to any third party products or services it shall not be deemed a license grant by ST for the use of such third party products or services, or any intellectual property contained therein or considered as a warranty covering the use in any manner whatsoever of such third party products or services or any intellectual property contained therein.

UNLESS OTHERWISE SET FORTH IN ST'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE ST DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE USE AND/OR SALE OF ST PRODUCTS INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY JURISDICTION), OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

UNLESS EXPRESSLY APPROVED IN WRITING BY AN AUTHORIZED ST REPRESENTATIVE, ST PRODUCTS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED, AUTHORIZED OR WARRANTED FOR USE IN MILITARY, AIR CRAFT, SPACE, LIFE SAVING, OR LIFE SUSTAINING APPLICATIONS, NOR IN PRODUCTS OR SYSTEMS WHERE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE. ST PRODUCTS WHICH ARE NOT SPECIFIED AS "AUTOMOTIVE GRADE" MAY ONLY BE USED IN AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS AT USER'S OWN RISK.

Resale of ST products with provisions different from the statements and/or technical features set forth in this document shall immediately void any warranty granted by ST for the ST product or service described herein and shall not create or extend in any manner whatsoever, any liability of ST.

ST and the ST logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of ST in various countries.

Information in this document supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied.

The ST logo is a registered trademark of STMicroelectronics. All other names are the property of their respective owners.

© 2006 STMicroelectronics - All rights reserved

STMicroelectronics group of companies

Australia - Belgium - Brazil - Canada - China - Czech Republic - Finland - France - Germany - Hong Kong - India - Israel - Italy - Japan - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - United Kingdom - United States of America

www.st.com